



# PALIN - The Next Palindrome

## Problem

A positive integer is called a palindrome if its representation in the decimal system is the same when read from left to right and from right to left. For a given positive integer  $K$  of not more than 1000000 digits, write the value of the smallest palindrome larger than  $K$  to output. Numbers are always displayed without leading zeros.

## Input

The first line contains integer  $t$ , the number of test cases. Integer  $K$  are given in the next  $t$  lines

## Output

For each  $K$ , output the smallest palindrome larger than  $K$ .

## Sample

| Input        | Output       |
|--------------|--------------|
| 12           | 1            |
| 0            | 11           |
| 9            | 818          |
| 808          | 2222         |
| 2133         | 202          |
| 199          | 2002         |
| 1999         | 319888888913 |
| 319887788993 | 333333       |
| 333321       | 121          |
| 111          | 1221         |
| 1111         | 909          |
| 999          | 10001        |
| 9999         |              |
| 99999        |              |

**ProblemAuthor:** adrian

**ProblemSource:** SPOJ

**Concept Difficulty:** 38%

**Timelimit:** 2-9 second

**Memory limit:** 1536MB

## Solution

Take the input as array of character. Then there will be 2 big cases.

1. The input number is palindrome and has all 9s. For example "999". Output should be "1001".

```
bool checkIfAll9s(string num){
    for(int i=0; i<num.length(); i++){
        if(num[i] != '9'){
            return false;
        }
    }
    return true;
}
```

2. In other cases, we create a creatLeftMirror function.

```
//Function to check if number in string1 is greater than number in string2
int ifGreater(string num1,string num2){
    for(int i=0; i<num1.length(); i++){
        int digit1 = num1[i] - '0';
        int digit2 = num2[i] - '0';
        //If number 2 is greater
        if(digit1 < digit2){
            return 1;
        }
        //If number 1 is greater
        else if(digit1 > digit2){
            return -1;
        }
    }
    //If all the digits were equal
    return 0;
}
```

And we compare the last digit in the left half and the first digit in the right half by sending them to ifGreater function.

```

string createLeftMirrored(string num){
    int len = num.length();
    //If number is of even length
    if(len % 2 == 0){
        string left_half = num.substr(0,len/2);
        //right_half is just reverse of left_half
        string right_half = left_half;
        reverse(right_half.begin(),right_half.end());
        return left_half + right_half;
    }
    //If number is of odd length
    else{
        string left_half = num.substr(0,len/2);
        //right_half is just reverse of left_half
        string right_half = left_half;
        reverse(right_half.begin(),right_half.end());
        return left_half + num[len/2] + right_half;
    }
}

```

If the leftMirrored is greater than the input, then we have the next palindrome by using generateNextPalindrome function.

```

string generateNextPalindrome(string num){
    int len = num.length();
    //In case of even number of digits
    if(len % 2 == 0){
        int center_right = len/2;
        int center_left = center_right - 1;
        while(num[center_left] == '9' && num[center_right] == '9'){
            num[center_left] = '0';
            num[center_right] = '0';
            center_left -= 1;
            center_right += 1;
        }
        num[center_left] += 1;
        num[center_right] += 1;
    }
}

```

```

//In case of odd number of digits
else{
    int dead_center = len/2;
    if(num[dead_center] != '9'){
        num[dead_center] += 1;
    }
    else{
        num[dead_center] = '0';
        int center_left = dead_center - 1;
        int center_right = dead_center + 1;
        while(num[center_left] == '9' && num[center_right] == '9'){
            num[center_left] = '0';
            num[center_right] = '0';
            center_left = center_left - 1;
            center_right = center_right + 1;
        }
        num[center_left] += 1;
        num[center_right] += 1;
    }
}
}

```

### Code

```

#include<iostream>
#include<string>
#include<algorithm>

```

```

using namespace std;

```

```

string createLeftMirrored(string num){ int len =
    num.length();
    //If number is of even length if(len % 2 == 0){
        string left_half = num.substr(0,len/2);
        //right_half is just reverse of left_half string right_half = left_half;
        reverse(right_half.begin(),right_half.end()); return left_half +
        right_half;
    }
    //If number is of odd length else{
        string left_half = num.substr(0,len/2);
        //right_half is just reverse of left_half string right_half = left_half;
        reverse(right_half.begin(),right_half.end()); return left_half +
        num[len/2] + right_half;
    }
}

```

```

//Function to check if number in string1 is greater than number in string2
int ifGreater(string num1,string num2){ for(int i=0;
    i<num1.length(); i++){

```

```

int digit1 = num1[i] - '0'; int digit2 = num2[i] - '0';
    //If number 2 is greater if(digit1 <
    digit2){
        return 1;
    }
    //If number 1 is greater else if(digit1 >
    digit2){
        return -1;
    }
}
//If all the digits were equal return 0;
}

```

```

string generateNextPalindrome(string num){ int len =
    num.length();
    //In case of even number of digits if(len % 2 == 0){
        int center_right = len/2;
        int center_left = center_right - 1;
        while(num[center_left] == '9' && num[center_right] == '9'){ num[center_left] = '0';
            num[center_right] = '0';
            center_left -= 1;
            center_right += 1;
        }
        num[center_left] += 1;
        num[center_right] += 1;
    }
    //In case of odd number of digits else{
        int dead_center = len/2; if(num[dead_center] !=
        '9'){
            num[dead_center] += 1;
        }
        else{
            num[dead_center] = '0';
            int center_left = dead_center - 1; int center_right =
            dead_center + 1;
            while(num[center_left] == '9' && num[center_right] ==
            '9'){
                num[center_left] = '0';
                num[center_right] = '0'; center_left = center_left -
                1; center_right = center_right + 1;
            }
            num[center_left] += 1;
            num[center_right] += 1;
        }
    }
    return num;
}

```

```

bool checkIfAll9s(string num){
    for(int i=0; i<num.length(); i++){ if(num[i] != '9'){
        return false;
    }
}
return true;
}

int main(){
    //For Fast IO ios_base::sync_with_stdio(false); cin.tie(NULL);

int main(){
    int t; string num;
    cin>>t;
    for(int testcase=0; testcase<t; testcase++){ cin>>num;
        if(checkIfAll9s(num) == true){
            //For 999, answer will be 1001, For 9999, answer is
10001
            //1 in the start
            string nextPalindrome = "1";
            //1 followed by n-1 zeros, where n is length of the
number
            for(int i=0; i<num.length()-1; i++){ nextPalindrome
                += '0';
            }
            //Last digit is again 1 nextPalindrome
            += '1'; cout<<nextPalindrome<<"\n";
        }
        else{ string leftMirrored = createLeftMirrored(num);
            //If the leftMirrored is greater than the num, then we
have the next palindrome
            if(ifGreater(num, leftMirrored) == 1){
                cout<<leftMirrored<<"\n";
            }
            else{
                string nextPalindrome =
generateNextPalindrome(leftMirrored);
                //Keep incrementing the palindrome until it is
greater than num
                while(ifGreater(num, nextPalindrome) != 1){ nextPalindrome
                    =
generateNextPalindrome(nextPalindrome);
                }
                cout<<nextPalindrome<<"\n";
            }
        }
    }
}
return 0

```

